

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 10.

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NO. 93.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
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At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

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of sizes and in cases to suit the tastes of all, taken in the highest style of the art, and on moderate terms.

He invites those who wish to get their likenesses taken, to call and see specimens of his work. Satisfaction will be given or no charge made.

W. H. H. HARDIN, Jr.
April 13, 1860-wkwtw. Yeoman copy.

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Oct. 24, 1860-wkwtw.

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JAMES B. CLAY. THOS. B. MONROE, JR.

CLAY & MONROE.

WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.

Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,

Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe, Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.

April 9, 1860-wkwtw.

LYSANDER HORD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.

Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

G. W. CRADDOCK. CHARLES F. CRADDOCK.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.

Will practice law in copartnership in all the Courts holden in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

Jan. 5, 1858-tf.

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FINNELL & CHAMBERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

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COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

February 22, 1860-tf.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.

Jan. 3, 1859-tf.

ROBT. J. BRECKINRIDGE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

LEXINGTON, KY.

OFFICE on Short street between Lime-stone and Upper streets.

May 23, 1859-tf.

JOHN RODMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

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PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.

Oct. 28, 1863.

J. H. KINKEAD,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

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PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

May 6, 1857-tf.

JOHN M. HARLAN,

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FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

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DR. J. G. KEENON,

HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, renders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.

Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2nd door from corner.

[Aug. 29, 1860-tf.]

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HIS operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.

Office at his residence on Main street.

kFrankfort, May 27, 1853.

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[July 13, 1860-by.]

H. SAMUEL,

CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT,

Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

If you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved, or your Head Shampooed, go to

H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

Feb. 8, 1860.

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OYSTERS.

WE will keep during the season Malby's Celebrated Pearl Oysters, by the case and half case.

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September 18, 1860-6m.

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August 8-tf
Frankfort Ky.

SIMPSON & SCOTT,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON and JOHN L. SCOTT will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published card.

A business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.

Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Printing Office.

Jan. 24, 1860-wkwtw.

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EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Mercantile, for general purposes,

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Carminc, of brilliant hue.

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Facts Confirming the above Qualities.

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Dec. 14, 1859-by.

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THIS delicious tonic stimulant, especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," "Schnapps," &c., is now imported by all of the prominent physicians, chemists, and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE GIN. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, &c.

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Our long experience and familiarity with the requirements of Druggists, and our superior business facilities, enable us to furnish them with choice Liquors, or medicinal and family use.

nov23 wkwtw.

L. WEITZEL,

Wholesale and Retail Confectioner,

HAS just received and opened, at his Establishment on St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Kentucky, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all varieties of Fine Cakes, Preserved Fruits, Pies, Candies, Candy Toys—in short, everything that properly belongs to a first class Confectionery Establishment. He pledges himself that every article manufactured by him shall be of the very best quality.

Families can be furnished, either for weddings or parties, with every article suitable for such occasions, upon the shortest notice and upon the most reasonable terms.

He will also keep the very best of all kinds of Wine which he will sell by the bottle or by the dozen bottles.

He will also supply those who may wish to purchase at wholesale, every article manufactured by him, on as reasonable terms as the same article of like quality can be purchased at Louisville or Cincinnati.

He asks a fair trial, and he feels assured that he can and will render universal satisfaction.

Frankfort, Dec. 25, 1859.

LOOK AT THIS!

M. L. PIERSON,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES,

St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,

(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving Looper Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$38; Hemmer \$25 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE!—The greatest accommodation yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock, a. m., until 9 o'clock, p. m.

March 21, 1860. M. L. PIERSON.

New Boot and Shoe Store.

THE undersigned has removed his establishment from St. Clair street to the store room next door to Mr. Reading's, on Broadway, where he will continue to manufacture and keep for sale

All Kinds of Boots and Shoes

For ladies and gentlemen. He will sell on moderate terms, and warrant the work to be good.

He has also made an arrangement with a competent workman to REPAIR OR MAKE all kinds

Of Fur Work,

Such as CAPES, TIPPETS, GLOVES, &c.

Jan. 27 wkwtw. JOSEPH J. EKER.

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Oct. 11 wkwtw. S. C. BULL, Bookseller.

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blazoning puffery.

The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when the system is so harassed that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhoea, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

New Store! New Goods!!

MR. JOHN WALTER,

Of the Firm of R. Walter & Bro., Baltimore.

HAS opened the store at the corner of Main and St. Clair sts., for the sale of

Ready-Made Clothing,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

He has just received his stock for Fall and Winter, and invites all persons wishing to buy anything in his line to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he intends to keep the finest and most fashionable goods in the city, which he guarantees to sell at Eastern retail prices. Remember the Store.

JOHN WALTER,

N. E. cor. Main & St. Clair sts., Frankfort, Ky.

E. B. GETZ, Salesman. dec3 wkwtw-tf.

MOSELEY'S

TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES

AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.

(ARCHED AND FLAT.)

ARE cheap as

THE COMMONWEALTH.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 25, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. B. T. Lacy, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read by the Clerk.

PETITIONS.

Were presented by Messrs. CISELL and PENNEBAKER, and appropriately referred.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received, announcing the passage of several bills which originated in that House.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. CISELL—Judiciary—Asked to be discharged from leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of Wm. Woodbridge: discharged.

Same—Asked to be discharged from leave to bring in a bill for benefit of sheriff of Greenup county: discharged.

Same—A bill to charter Paradise lodge of F. and A. Masons in Muhlenburg county: passed.

Same—A bill to charter the Odd Fellows' hall association of Louisville: passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the Louisville and Frankfort railroad company: some discussion ensued on this bill, in which Messrs. FISK, ROUSSEAU, READ, SIMPSON, CHAMBERS, DEHAVEN, and PENNEBAKER took part.

Before action on the bill the hour arrived for the special order.

SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. GRUNDY's resolution to refer the question of a convention to a vote of the people, and Mr. WHITAKER's substitute for the same, declaring it unconstitutional and inexpedient to call a convention, were taken up, and on motion referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

REPORTS RESUMED.

The bill for the benefit of the Louisville and Frankfort railroad company was then taken up, amended and passed, by yeas 27, nays 7.

Mr. SIMPSON—Judiciary—Reported a bill which was referred to them, entitled, "A bill for the better protection of the rights of married women," with the opinion it should not pass: the bill was rejected, by 22 against it to 14 for it.

Mr. CISELL—Judiciary—A bill to provide for filling vacancies in the office of town marshal of Elizabethtown: passed.

Mr. WHITAKER—Circuit Courts—Asked to be discharged from several leaves, H. R. bills now being before the Senate on the same subjects: discharged.

Mr. GRUNDY—Propositions and Grievances—A bill to change the Metcalf county lines.

Mr. WALTON offered an amendment: adopted and bill passed.

Mr. GRUNDY—Propositions and Grievances—A bill to establish an additional voting place in the 2d district, in Ballard county: passed.

Mr. TAYLOR—Internal Improvement—A bill for the benefit of the Taylorsville and Mount Eden turnpike road company: passed.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of the Hardinsburg and Cloverport turnpike road company: passed.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Was received by Mr. TATE, Assistant Secretary of State, communicating resolutions from the Legislature of Virginia. [These resolutions from Virginia may be found in the Daily Commonwealth of the 25th Jan., 1861.—REPORTER.]

Mr. PRALL offered a joint resolution, cordially responding to and approving of the proposed conference proposed by Virginia, and appointing Messrs. J. J. Crittenden, L. W. Powell, R. Hawes, Joshua F. Bell, and Chas. A. Wickliffe, Commissioners on the part of Kentucky. The rule requiring joint resolutions to lie on one day on the table was dispensed with, and the resolution was taken up.

Mr. RUST offered a substitute for Mr. PRALL's resolution, making the Senators and Representatives in Congress and Hon. J. C. Breckinridge the Commissioners from Kentucky.

Mr. GRUNDY moved to print the Governor's message, the resolutions from Virginia, and the resolutions of Messrs. PRALL and RUST, and that they all be referred to the committee on Federal Relations, and they be instructed to report on them tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock: adopted.

Mr. CISELL offered a resolution to authorize the committee on Federal Relations to employ a clerk: adopted.

ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. GILLS reported sundry bills correctly enrolled, and they were signed by the SPEAKER.

A MESSAGE FROM THE H. R.

Was received, announcing the passage by that House of a Senate bill to charter the Louisville benevolent association.

Also the passage of a bill which originated in that House to charter the Deposit Bank of Greenville.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A Senate bill to amend the charter of the Covington and Cincinnati bridge company: was taken up and passed.

A number of H. R. bills on the clerk's table were taken up, read the first and second times, and referred to appropriate standing committees.

H. R. BILLS.

A bill for the benefit of J. W. Hutchinson, of Todd county: amended and passed.

A bill to create an additional justice's district in Jefferson county: passed.

A bill to establish an additional voting precinct in Laine county: amended.

A bill to change an election precinct in Harrison county: passed.

A bill to charter Bell City, in Crittenden county: passed.

A bill to change the time of the Whitley county quarterly courts: passed.

A bill to amend the charter of Canton, in Trigg county: passed.

A bill to apply the general mechanics' lien law to Boyd, Montgomery, and Webster counties: passed.

A bill to legalize certain proceedings of the Harrison county court: passed.

A bill to change the name of the Eminence high school in Henry county: passed.

A bill to enlarge the town limits of the town of Pleasantville in Henry county.

A bill to amend the act in relation to free negroes, mulattoes, &c.: passed.

A bill to amend the law in relation to the Cumberland gap road in Knox county: passed.

A bill to amend the charter of the Knob Lick turnpike road company: passed.

A bill to change the time of the Livingston county quarterly courts: passed.

A bill to authorize the Marshall county court to establish a road from Haydock's ferry to the road leading from Hopkinsville to Paducah: passed.

A bill to authorize the Marshall county court to change a State road: passed.

A bill to amend the charter of the Helena turnpike road in Mason county: passed.

A bill to charter the United Irish Association of Maysville: passed.

A bill for the benefit of John C. Gibson, lessee of the Warsaw turnpike road: passed.

A bill in relation to magistrates' district, No. 3, in Mercer county: passed.

A bill for the benefit of the town of Greenville: passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Under a dispensation of the rules Mr. CISELL offered a series of joint resolutions: the reading was dispensed with and they were ordered to be printed and referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Under a dispensation of the rules.

Mr. JOHNSON—Banks—A bill to amend the charters of the Banks of Kentucky: ordered to be printed and placed in the orders of the day.

Mr. FISK—Codes of Practice—A bill to amend the Civil Code of Practice: ordered to be printed and placed in the orders of the day.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, Jan. 25, 1861.

[Before the House was opened with prayer, the Rev. B. T. Lacy, of the Presbyterian church, announced the death of Hon. R. P. Letcher, late Governor of Kentucky, who died at his residence in this city on the evening of the 24th inst.]

Prayer by the Rev. W. McD. Abnett, of the Methodist Church.

The reading of the Journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

PETITIONS.

Were presented by the SPEAKER, M. J. COOK, J. W. COOK, LINN, BOHANNON, and appropriately referred.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. RIDDLE—A bill to authorize the Boone county court to sell the poor house lands in said county, and for other purposes: passed.

Mr. SNEED—A bill for the benefit of G. W. Donoghue, sheriff of Boyle county: referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. HARRISON—A bill to incorporate the town of Pitts Point, in Bullitt county: passed.

SENATE BILL.

An act to incorporate the Odd Fellows Hall Association of Louisville: passed.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McELROY—Judiciary—A bill for the benefit of Benjamin F. McClellon, constable of Webster county: passed.

Mr. HUSBANDS—Internal Improvement—A bill to amend an act, entitled, an act for the improvement of Licking river: passed.

Mr. TEVIS—Revised Statutes—A bill to amend an act, entitled, an act to amend the Revised Statutes: [Conferring jurisdiction on the chancery courts to sell infants' estates.] passed.

Mr. H. H. SMITH—Select Committee—A bill to incorporate the town of Dixon, in Webster county: passed.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then resolved into a committee of the Whole. Mr. RITTER in the Chair, and took up the bill to amend the charter of the Highland coal company.

[Name changes to Kentucky and Louisiana mining, manufacturing, and banking company, located at Uniontown, with a banking capital of \$1,500,000, with the privilege of issuing notes to the amount of \$3,000,000, security given, in addition to the \$1,500,000, upon real estate estimated at \$28,000,000; usual restrictions that are thrown around the other banks of issue in the State.]

After Mr. McELROY had made a few remarks in explanation of the bill, and in favor of its passage, the committee rose and reported the bill back to the House without amendment.

After some remarks made by Messrs. EWING, RODMAN, McELROY, the bill was ordered to be read a third time at 10 o'clock to-morrow.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The House then took up the joint resolution authorizing the Governor, in order to enable him to carry out a resolution adopted at the last session of the legislature, to procure medals for the surviving soldiers at the battle of Lake Erie from Kentucky, to draw on the Treasury for \$400: passed—yeas, 79; nays, 0.

The Senate bills in the orders of the day were taken up and referred to appropriate committees.

A Senate bill to change voting precincts in Calloway county: passed.

A Senate bill to incorporate the Frake's and Hildreth's turnpike road company: passed.

A Senate bill to incorporate the Louisville Union Benevolent Association: passed.

A Senate bill to incorporate the Stamping Ground and Leconte turnpike road company: passed.

A Senate bill to amend the act incorporating the Hardinsburg and Cloverport turnpike road company: passed.

A House bill for the benefit of Martin Looker & Co., of Louisville: passed—yeas, 72; nays, 13.

Mr. M. J. COOK withdrew the resolutions offered by him on yesterday.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then took up the bill to incorporate the Planter's Bank of Henderson: passed—yeas 51, nays 29.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. CLEVELAND—A bill to repeal an act for the benefit of Rudolph Black, of Bracken county: passed.

Mr. BROWN—A bill to incorporate the Hopkinsville Gymnastic Club: passed.

Mr. GOHEEN—A bill for the benefit of A. A. Nelson: referred to the committee on Judiciary.

Mr. HILL—A bill to amend an act incorporating the town of Brownsville, in Edmonson county: passed.

Mr. J. W. WHITE—A bill entitled, an act to amend an act, entitled, an act concerning free negroes and mulattoes: referred to the committee on Judiciary.

A MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

A message was received from the Governor, by Mr. TATE, Assistant Secretary of State, transmitting resolutions adopted by the legislature of Virginia, appointing delegates to meet delegates from all the States of the Union in Washington City on the 4th of February next.

Mr. FODGE offered the following preamble and joint resolutions, viz:

Whereas, the Governor of this Commonwealth has laid before the General Assembly of Kentucky the resolutions of the State of Virginia, adopted by the General Assembly thereof, on the — day of this month, in which an invitation is given to each of the States composing the General Government, to meet them in Convention, in the city of Washington, on the 4th day of February next, to devise means, if possible, for the preservation of the Union; and whereas, it is

the purpose of this General Assembly to make use of all means which promise anything favorable to conciliation; therefore

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the Senators from Kentucky in the Congress of the United States, together with the Representatives in Congress from Kentucky, to whom is added the Hon. John C. Breckinridge, are hereby appointed commissioners, and vested with authority to represent Kentucky in the conference invited by Virginia, at the city of Washington on the 4th of February, 1861.

Resolved, That in the opinion of the General Assembly of Kentucky the propositions embraced in the resolutions presented to the Senate of the United States, by Hon. John J. Crittenden, so modified as that the first article proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States shall apply to all the territory of the United States now held, or hereafter acquired, south of the latitude thirty-six degrees and thirty minutes; and provided that slavery of the African race shall be effectually protected as property therein during the continuance of the territorial government, and the fourth article shall secure the owners of slaves the right of transit with their slaves between and through the non-slaveholding States and territories, constitute the basis of such an adjustment of the unhappy controversy which now divides the States of this Union confederacy, as would be accepted by the people of this Commonwealth.

Resolved, That the Governor inform the commissioners of this appointment, and the passage of the foregoing resolutions.

Mr. CARLISLE proposed the names of Hon. John J. Crittenden, Hon. L. W. Powell, Hon. C. S. Morehead, Hon. A. Dixon, and Gen. W. O. Butler, as delegates.

The whole subject was then referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. RATCLIFFE offered the following joint resolutions, which lie one day on the table, viz:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That our common country is distracted from the center to the circumference; the Union of these States—the precious work of our forefathers—is in imminent danger of dissolution. In view of these solemn events, Kentucky would fain act as a mediator between the contending parties; she would preserve the Union, if it can be preserved, on terms of equality and justice. Be it, therefore,

Resolved, That we, the Representatives of the people of Kentucky, return our cordial and heartfelt thanks to the thousands of people in the free States who are now engaged in rolling back the tide of Black Republican fanaticism; we trust they will continue their patriotic exertions, and we pledge ourselves to unite our exertions with theirs, in the holy work of preserving the union of these States.

Mr. ALEXANDER offered the following preamble and joint resolution, which lies one day on the table, viz:

Whereas, This Legislature, believing that many of the telegraphic reports and dispatches that are daily flooding the press of this confederacy are of a purely "sensational" character, and well calculated, in their nature, (and doubtless designed, in many instances,) to engender sectional strife and animosities, and further tend to the disintegration of the American Union; and whereas, feeling and believing it to be our duty as loyal, patriotic, Union-loving Kentuckians, to bring into requisition every effort that comports with that high standard of noble chivalry inaugurated by her illustrious sons upon the field of battle, and more recently in the councils of the nation, to allay the hostile feeling and soothe the irritated breaches that are fast assuming such vast and fearful proportions in various sections of our once glorious and happy, but now distracted country; therefore be it

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That it is the duty of all the States that have granted charters or acts of incorporation to telegraph companies to institute immediate inquiry into the laws regulating the same, and throw around them such restrictions as in their wisdom is best calculated to obviate the evil tendencies set forth in the foregoing preamble, and that the joint committee on Federal Relations of this Assembly be instructed to examine into any charters or acts of incorporation that may have been granted by this State, and report by bill or otherwise.

And then the House adjourned.

REPORTED SEIZURE OF THE ST. LOUIS ARSENAL.—An evening or two ago, a rumor that Gov. Jackson had given orders for the seizure of the Arsenal ran like wildfire through the city. We have reason to think that Maj. Bell, the officer in command of the Arsenal, did not utterly disbelieve it. In fact, he took measures to resist the anticipated onset. The story, like so many others of the same kind which the public have heard of late, was doubtless untrue, but we wonder that it should have obtained extensive circulation and no inconsiderable credence, when it is notorious that a society is daily and nightly enlisting members, and drilling and arming? This society, known as the "Minute Men," ostensibly displays its proceedings. Its publicly avowed purpose is to make war on the United States whenever invited to do so by the Governor of the State. The organ of the Minute Men, the Bulletin, has the effrontery to state that enlisting and drilling is constantly practiced at the headquarters of the society, corner of Fifth and Pine. It is notorious that a large number of muskets have been conveyed thither recently. Now, the question is, are the Minute Men acting legally or illegally? If they are acting illegally we again call on judges, juries and law officers to assert and enforce the laws.—St. Louis Democrat.

COURT OF APPEALS.

FRIDAY, Jan. 25, 1861.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Lowry v Brown & Co., Fayette; affirmed.

Haldeman v Rush, Laine; affirmed.

Layson v Gilchrist, Harrison; affirmed.

Hand ex'rs v Chin, g'd'n of J. Hardin, Nelson; were reversed.

ORDERS.

Green Clay Smith, Esq., of Covington, admitted attorney in this court.

Lane v Bell, Kenton; order of submission set aside by consent.

Hoskin's adm'n v Cobb, Hart; cross appeal granted.

Cunningham v Sugg, Henderson; petition for rehearing filed.

Bennett v McCracken, Spencer; time extended till 7th day of term, to file petition for rehearing.

Wheeler v Carnahan, Crittenden; continued.

Butler v McDowell, Crittenden; continued.

Trimble v Patterson, McCracken; continued.

Lyons' adm'n v Mayo's heirs, McCracken; continued.

Ashley v Ashley, Henderson; continued.

Highland Coal Co. v Roberts, Union; were submitted on briefs.

Smith et al. v Barrett et al., Henderson; argued by Crockett for appellees and by Harlan for appellants.

Ex-President Tyler, on a peace mission to the President from Virginia, has reached Washington.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

THE SENATE.

1. Boyle, Casey, and Adair—T. T. Alexander.
2. Warren, Allen, and Edmonson—W. T. Astor.
3. Fleming, Nicholas, and Rowan—T. L. W. Andrews.
4. Barren and Monroe—Jas. R. Barwick.
5. Cumberland, Clinton, Wayne, and Russell—Samuel H. Boler.
6. Breckinridge, Grayson, and Hancock—John B. Brainer.
7. Carroll, Gallatin, and Boone—Chas. Chambers.
8. Hopkins, Union, and Crittenden—Dex. P. Cassell.
9. Henderson, Daviess, and McLean—A. D. Cosby.
10. Fayette and Scott—Wm. S. Darnaby.
11. Floyd, Morgan, Johnson, and Pike—Alex. L. De Jesus.
12. Henry, Oldham, and Trimble—Samuel B. De Haven.
13. Madison and Garrard—George Denny.
14. Kenton and Campbell—Jas. E. Edwards.
15. Clay, Harlan, Owsley, Letcher, Perry, and Breathitt—J. E. Gibson.
16. Whitley, Laurel, Knox, and Rockcastle—Wm. C. Gillis.
17. Christian and Todd—Robert E. Glenn.
18. Owen, Grant, and Pendleton—Asa P. Grover.
19. Washington and Marion—Thos. S. Grundy.
20. Hardin and Menard—Samuel Haycraft.
21. Calloway, Trigg, and Marshall—John L. Irwin.
22. Hickman, Ballard, Graves, and Fulton—Samuel H. Jenkins.
23. McCracken, Livingston, Caldwell, and Lyon—J. M. Johnson.
24. 6 Wards City Louisville—L. H. Rousseau.
25. Harrison and Brecken—Thornton F. Marshall.
26. Mercer—Wm. H. McBrayer.
27. Montgomery, Clarke, Estill, and Powell—James Simpson.
28. Jefferson Co., 7th and 8th Wards of City—C. D. Pennebaker.
29. Howard, Taylor, and Franklin—Thos. P. Porter.
30. Bourbon and Bath—John A. Prall.
31. Laine, Nelson, and Bullitt—Wm. B. Read.
32. Logan, Simpson, and Butler—A. G. Rhea.
33. Greencup, Carter, and Lawrence—H. M. Rice.
34. Mason and Lewis—Harrison Taylor.
35. Pulaski and Lincoln—Cyrenus Tate.
36. Ohio and Muhlenburg—E. Dudley Walker.
37. Hart, Green, and Taylor—C. J. Walton.
38. Shelby and Spencer—Walter C. Whitaker.

Democrats in small caps, 24; Opposition in Roman letter, 14.

[Senators marked thus (+) were elected in 1857.]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mercer—C. S. Abell, Dem.
Caldwell and Lyon—Clinton and Cumberland—R. M. Alexander, Opp.

Hardin—V. P. Armstrong, Opp.
Shelby—Henry Johnson, Opp.
Christian—Wm. Brown, Dem.
Fayette—R. A. Buckner, Opp.
Bourbon—O. H. Burdick, Opp.
Garrard—J. C. Clay, Opp.
Fleming and Rowan—H. G. Burns, Dem.
Madison—C. F. Burnam, Opp.
Marion—Robt. A. Burton, Jr., Dem.
Kenton—J. G. Carlisle, Dem.
Gallatin—A. B. Chambers, Dem.
Fayette—Thos. H. Clay, Opp.
Harrison—W. W. Cleary, Dem.
Brecken—F. L. Cleveland, Opp.
Wayne—Shelby Coffey, Jr., Dem.
Calloway—Virgil Coleman, Dem.
Graves—J. Cook, Dem.
Laurel and Rockcastle—M. J. Cook, Opp.
Louisville 1st District—Jos. Croxton, Dem.
Morgan and Breathitt—Wm. Day, Dem.
Fleming and Rowan—H. B. Dohy, Dem.
Hart—John Donan, Dem.
Monroe—Daniel E. Downing, Opp.
Grant—Alex. Dunnop, Dem.
Kenton—John Ellis, Dem.
Hardin—R. B. English, Opp.
Logan—G. W. Ewing, Opp.
Hancock—Eugene A. Faulconer, Dem.
Simpson—John A. Finn, Dem.
Jessamine—Wm. Fisher, Opp.
Casey and Russell—McDowell Fogle, Opp.
Mason—Geo. L. Forman, Opp.
Allen—J. Wilson Foster, Dem.
Adair—Nat. Gaither, Jr., Dem.
Owen—R. H. Gale, Dem.
Caldwell—D. C. Gentry, Opp.
Jefferson—Samuel L. Geiger, Dem.
Clay and Owsley—Abijah Gilbert, Opp.
Livingston and Marshall—T. L. Gibson, Dem.
Woodford—J. Kemp Goodloe, Opp.
Taylor—A. F. Gowdy, Dem.
Franklin—Frederick Green, Dem.
Pulaski—John Griffin, Dem.
Bath—John H. Gudge, Dem.
Bullitt—John O. Harrison, Dem.
Ohio—John Haynes, Dem.
Butler and Edmonson—Jos. Hill, Dem.
Carroll and Trimble—Ben. M. Hitt, Dem.
Warren—Campbell—Geo. B. Hodge, Dem.
Washington—John B. Hunter, Dem.
Ballard and McCracken—L. D. Husbands, Dem.
Barren—J. W. Ritter, Opp.
Oldham—R. T. Jacob, Dem.
Nelson—Sylvester Johnson, Dem.
Scott—Wm. Johnson, Dem.
Lincoln—G. A. Lackey, Opp.
Hickman and Fulton—W. D. Latham, Dem.
Caldwell—Jas. G. Leach, Dem.
Trigg—Young A. Linn, Dem.
Mason—L. S. Luttrell, Opp.
Henderson—J. B. Lyne, Opp.
Pendleton—Jas. Mann, Dem.
Spencer—Jas. Ward Massey, Dem.
Jefferson—David McCreedy, Dem.
Union—Hiram McElroy, Dem.
Daviess and McLean—Jno. G. McFarland, Dem.
Anderson—Jos. H. D. McKee, Dem.
Madison—W. L. Neal, Opp.
Shelby—F. Neil, Opp.
Carroll and Trimble—Ben. M. Hitt, Dem.
Warren—Campbell—Geo. B. Hodge, Dem.
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Pendleton—Jas. Mann, Dem.
Spencer—Jas. Ward Massey, Dem.
Jefferson—David McCreedy,

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1861.

Extra copies of the Daily or Weekly Commonwealth can be had by applying at the office or to the reporters in each House of the Legislature.

John W. Crockett, Esq., will speak in the Hall of the House of Representatives this evening, at 7 o'clock.

Old Virginia has appointed a convention of delegates from all the States to meet in Washington City on the 4th February. She has selected five of her most distinguished citizens to act on her behalf. Do doubt our General Assembly will to-day select delegates on behalf of Kentucky. In the Senate on yesterday it was suggested, by resolutions of Senator Prall, that Hon. John J. Crittenden, Lazarus W. Powell, Joshua F. Bell, Charles A. Wickliffe, and Richard Hawes be elected to represent Kentucky.

Senator Rust suggested, by resolution, that the entire Kentucky delegation in Congress, together with Vice President Breckinridge, be selected. This proposition is totally inadmissible. Those Congressmen have been mixed up with the discussions of the entire winter, and are not the proper persons; and so far as we are concerned, we would as soon think of putting a mad bull into a china store, as to select some of the Kentucky Congressmen as mediators and pacificators. There are several of them who don't desire a settlement. We believe this to be true of the Vice President. He has been one of the "lead devils" in precipitating secession, and it is an insult to the conservative masses of Kentucky to put him forward as a pacificator. His political salvation depends upon the disruption of the Union, and hence his recent letter, throwing cold water upon the efforts of the friends of the Union to restore peace and harmony.

It would be improper to select any of the Congressmen, unless it be the Senators from Kentucky, in addition to three others who have been in no way connected with the present troubles, and who will go directly from the people. In this view the names suggested by Senator Prall are good. We should like, however, to see the name of Archie Dixon added to the list.

If none of the Congressmen are selected, we suggest the following as good names: Elijah Hise, James Harlan, George B. Hodge, and the two Kentucky Senators. We would be willing to trust the honor and interest of Kentucky in their hands.

A HARD HIT.—We clip the following from the Louisville Democrat of yesterday. It speaks for itself:

CARROLLTON, Ky., Jan. 22, 1861.
HON. B. M. HITT.—The undersigned, your constituents, have learned, with surprise and regret, that you voted against hoisting the stars and stripes over the Capitol. We regard this act as unadvised, unpatriotic, and savoring of secession. The people of Carroll are attached to the Union, and will remain in it until every hope of adjustment is abandoned. Should your votes continue to misrepresent the views of your constituents, your resignation will meet with their entire approbation. Very respectfully,
A. H. LOTHROP,
H. L. GILBERT,
And one hundred others of all parties.

HON. B. M. HITT is one of the 23 immoralists who voted against raising the national flag over the State House. His constituents are justly indignant that the stars and stripes should have been hit such a terrific blow by their representative. It remains to be seen whether or not the honorable member will resign, and thus avail himself of the last opportunity he will ever have of pleasing his "people." By doing so he would make a palpable hit.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY—HER REPRESENTATIVE.—We see that some of the secession papers are in ecstasies because a few fire-eaters in Christian County burned in effigy Senator Johnson, of Tennessee. We have no doubt that there are a few spirits in old Christian who have the courage requisite for burning old clothes, but such neither control nor represent the sentiments of that county. It is sound to the core and is firm for the Union. And more fortunate than some counties, she is well represented at this time in the House of Representatives. A better and truer Union man than Wm. Brown, Esq., does not live. He is an able and vigilant member. Fearless and independent, he never dodges a question, but always votes, and votes right. In short, he is worthy of the noble county which he so truly represents, and we congratulate his constituents upon their choice.

The School for Feeble Minded Children.

We regret to see that there is a member of the present Legislature who desires to repeal the law establishing the Institution for the Education and Training of Feeble Minded Children. A leave was granted to bring in a bill for such a purpose the other day. Of course we do not know the motive of the mover, but we are sure he is laboring under some misapprehension. So far the institution has been a decided success. All the reasons which so urgently called for its establishment still remain, while there are none for its discontinuance.

It is under the most efficient management, and bids fair to become one of the most useful of the many charitable institutions of the State.

Hon. John Bell made a great speech for the Union on Tuesday night at Nashville.

Whittingham has Vanity Fair for sale. Also other popular lectures and monthlies.

Letter from Estill.

ESTILL COUNTY, Ky., January 21, 1861.

EDITOR COMMONWEALTH—DEAR SIR: We learn here that a gang of noisy outsiders are congregating about Frankfort, to create public opinion favorable to secession. Is this true? I say favorable to secession and disunion—synonymous terms—because the calling of a State convention and the putting of the militia on a war footing are disunion measures, and will be used for disunion purposes. Why call a State convention? It is revolution. Every one of half sense knows this. If the convention is to keep us in the Union it is unnecessary, for we are, thank God, there. If it is to help put us out, then it is mischievous and destructive. All the mountains are against such madness. We know who is to suffer. We don't want to please the ambitious of distinction, the restless, idle, the seekers and getters up of excitement, the lawless and reckless, at the cost of the ruin of the honest but poor laborers. It won't do to bring war and misery to the hearthstones of the honest and quiet citizens in order to put epaulets on the shoulders of a few blustering, whiskey-headed, would-be leaders. Is it possible that the chosen Representatives of Kentucky can be dragged and squeezed by noisy outsiders into such madness and folly? The quiet people, the mighty people, will visit all who yield, with crushing indignation. Who is the Mr. B. Duncan I hear of being so officious? Is he the great Union lover of know-nothing celebrity? Is he the same man who made speeches for the "Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws" in the last canvass? Is he the same who was secretary of the Union Convention in Louisville and never opened his mouth against the resolutions then passed? It can't be that he is the same person, and yet we have heard he was. We have heard of another one of that name who was a political attaché of George N. Sanders and general misadventurer politically, in Louisville, and we suppose he is the one now in Frankfort. Please tell us up here who all are attending on the "boiling caldron"? Who keeps the fires up? Do all contribute ingredients to the "hell booth" to make the "charm firm and good"? "Round about the caldron go, Double, double, toil and trouble, Fire burn and caldron bubble."

What a witch scene. You must learn of it. Would the "hurling burly" were done and these "outsiders," like one of the witches, "Were in a sieve set sail, Like a rat without a tail," crying, "I'll do, I'll do."

I suppose the real question our Representatives are now trying is, how much outside pressure they can withstand. Send on your paper. The people wish to learn what is doing. The most hearty thanks will go up from the honest hearts of a commanding majority of the people when they hear of an early adjournment of this called session. We want a firm, dignified position assumed for our gallant State. We want time, time and its beneficent effects. All will yet come right if reason rules the hour. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof." The people of Kentucky, not her would-be leaders, can and will take care of themselves when the time comes for revolutionary action, if come it must, with all its dark train of woes.

Kentucky State Agricultural Society.

A meeting of the Board of Directors will be held at the Agricultural room in the city of Frankfort, on the 6th day of February, 1861, for the purpose of receiving propositions from the several local societies for holding with them the Sixth Annual Kentucky State Fair. Parties making propositions will please accompany them by statements of the extent of their grounds, the size and character of their buildings, fences, &c., and the nature of the public thoroughfares by which they are reached. A full attendance is desired. A liberal list of premiums will be made, and arrangements for holding a tobacco exhibition in the southern part of the State. L. J. BRADFORD, President.

CAIRO TO BE ARMED.—The New Albany Ledger learns by letter from Southern Illinois, that the City Council of Cairo on Saturday night passed an ordinance appropriating a considerable sum of money for the purpose of purchasing arms for the use of the city, and that an agent has started East for the purpose of procuring the arms. The object of this movement is not to fight the South, but to repel any attempt that the abolitionists of northern Illinois may make to convert their city into a camp from which to carry on a predatory warfare against the South. The correspondent further states that so great is the indignation of all parties in southern Illinois against Governor Yates, on account of his late message, that were he to go there now his person would hardly be safe.

MORE EVIDENCE.—Our neighbor of the Yeoman, in speaking of the institution for the benefit of the feeble minded, now in successful operation in this city, says:

"From personal knowledge, we look upon this establishment, so far, as a most decided success."

We also cheerfully testify that there has been a great improvement in the Yeoman since the school in question was established. Moreover, it is generally conceded that the editor of the Yeoman is as intelligent now as anybody.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.
Mr. Holt to-day formally took leave of the gentlemen connected with the Postoffice Department. Assistant Postmaster King introduced Major Trott, who, he said, had been selected by them to give expression to the friendly feelings they entertained for him, both as a private citizen and public functionary. Mr. Holt eloquently responded to the address of Major Trott, alluding to the national gloom and to the event of the morning—namely the death, after a protracted illness, of Mr. Dana, the Secretary Assistant Postmaster General, of whom he spoke as a pure and efficient officer. The gentlemen present, as well as Mr. Holt, were solemnly impressed with the proceedings.

The Boston committee, Mr. Everett and others, having the mammoth Union petition, have arrived.

The Chicago Platform.

At the request of several gentlemen we publish below the platform of the Republican party as adopted at Chicago:

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, MAY, 1860.

Resolved, That we, the delegates representing the Republican Union of the United States, in Convention assembled, in the discharge of the duty we owe to our constituents and our country, unite in the following declarations:

1. That the history of the nation during the last four years has fully established the propriety and necessity of the organization and perpetuation of the Republican party, and that the causes which called it into existence are permanent in their nature, and now, more than ever before, demand its peaceful and constitutional triumph.

2. That the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Declaration of Independence, and embodied in the Federal Constitution, is essential to the preservation of our republican institutions; that the Federal Constitution, the rights of the States, and the Union of the States, must and shall be preserved; and that we reassert "these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

3. That the Union of the States this nation owes its independence, its peace, its prosperity, its rapid development of material resources; its rapid augmentation of wealth; its happiness at home and its honor abroad; and we hold in abhorrence all schemes for disunion, come from whatever source they may; and we congratulate the country that no Republican member of Congress has uttered or countenanced a threat of disunion, so often made by Democratic members of Congress without rebuke and with applause from their political associates; and we denounce those threats of disunion, in case of a popular overthrow of their administration, as a violation of the oath of office as a free Government, and as an avowal of contemplated treason, which is the imperative duty of an indignant people strongly to rebuke and forever silence.

4. That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions, according to its own judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political faith depends, and we denounce the lawless invasion by armed force of any State or Territory, and the extreme and unjust pretense, as among the gravest crimes.

5. That the present Democratic Administration has far exceeded our worst apprehensions in its measureless subservience to the exactions of a sectional interest, as is especially evident in its desperate exertions to force the infamous Lecompton Constitution upon the people of Kansas—in constraining the personal relation between master and servant to involve an unequal property in persons—in its attempted enforcement everywhere, on land and sea, through the intervention of Congress and the Federal Courts, of the extreme and unjust pretense, as among the gravest crimes.

6. That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the system of plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans; while the recent startling developments of fraud and corruption at the Federal metropolis, show that an entire change of administration is imperatively demanded.

7. That the new dogma that the Constitution of its own force carries slavery into any or all the Territories of the United States, is a dangerous political heresy, at variance with the explicit provisions of that instrument itself, with common sense, with the principles of justice and equity, and with the revolutionary and republican sentiment of the people.

8. That the normal condition of all the territory of the United States is that of freedom; that as our republic is a free one, we have no right to establish slavery in any of our national territories; that no person should be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without the process of law, it becomes our duty, by legislation, whenever such legislation is necessary, to maintain this provision of the Constitution against all attempts to violate it; and we defy the national Legislature, or any individual, to give legal existence to slavery in any Territory of the United States.

9. That we brand the recent reopening of the African slave-trade, under the cover of our national flag, and by the perversion of judicial power, as a crime against humanity, a burning shame to our country and age, and we call upon Congress to take prompt and efficient measures for the total and final suppression of that execrable traffic.

10. That in the recent votes by their Federal Governors of the acts of the Legislature of Kansas and Nebraska, prohibiting slavery in these Territories, we find a practical illustration of the boasted Democratic principle of non-intervention and popular sovereignty, embodied in the Kansas and Nebraska bill, and a denunciation of the deception and fraud involved therein.

11. That Kansas should of right be immediately admitted as a State under the Constitution recently formed and adopted by her people, and accepted by the House of Representatives.

12. That while providing revenue for the support of the General Government by duties on imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imposts as to encourage the development of the industrial interest of the whole country, and we commend that policy of national exchanges, which secures to the working men liberal wages, to agriculture remunerative prices, to mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor, and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

13. That we protest against any sale or alienation to others of the public lands held by actual settlers, and against any sale of the same to a speculator, which would convert the settlers into paupers or suppliers for public bounty, and we demand the passage by Congress of the complete and satisfactory Homestead measure which has already passed the House.

14. That the Republican party is opposed to any change in our naturalization laws, or any State legislation by which the rights of citizenship hitherto accorded to immigrants from foreign lands shall be abridged or impaired; and in favor of giving a full and efficient protection to the rights of all citizens, whether native or naturalized, both at home or abroad.

15. That appropriations by Congress for River and Harbor Improvements of a national character, required for the accommodation and security of an existing Commerce, are authorized by the Constitution and justified by an obligation of the Government to protect the lives and property of its citizens.

16. That a railroad to the Pacific Ocean is imperatively demanded by the interests of the whole country; that the Federal Government ought to render the most efficient aid in its construction, and that as preliminary thereto, a survey of land mail should be promptly established.

17. Finally, having thus set forth our distinctive principles and views, we invite the co-operation of all citizens, however differing on other questions, who substantially agree with us in their affections and support.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTED.—Mr. George A. Houghton, the Union candidate in the District composed of the Seventh and Eighth Wards, Louisville, was elected to the lower house of the General Assembly on Thursday, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Dr. Sherrill. There was no regularly organized opposition, and the vote was small.

Fresh venison at Charley Hawkins', and other goodies.

Geo. B. Honor, Esq.—This distinguished gentleman, who represents Campbell county in the Legislature, has offered a series of Union resolutions, which exhibit a true spirit of conciliation and compromise, and are said to be regarded at Frankfort with much favor. Mr. Honor was one of the Breckinridge electors for the State at large in the Presidential canvass, but he is a true-hearted and high-hearted patriot, with powers of eloquence that enable him to impress the convictions of his own fine mind deeply and powerfully upon the minds of others. [Cynthiana News.]

DIED.
At his residence in this city, on Thursday evening, at 9 o'clock, Ex-Governor ROBERT P. LETCHER, at an advanced age.
We shall soon publish an obituary notice of the distinguished and lamented deceased.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LOOK AT THIS!
I still have one or two elegant rooms at the Franklin House, which I would be pleased to offer to gentlemen, as boarders, upon reasonable terms. Apply soon. J. V. B. VANARSDALE.

A. CONERY,
SIGN OF THE EAGLE.
(LATE W. P. LOOMIS.)

Has just received Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, Clocks, and Fine Knives. Call and see them. Prices to suit the times. Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired. Jan 18 1w.

Coughs. The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "BROWN'S Bronchial Trochee," or Lozenges, let the Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually ward off. PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND SINGERS will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. nov26-w4w6m.

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve these abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies, a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN, decl2 1y. Williamsburg, New York.

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums and reducing all inflammation. It will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column. June 6, 1860—1y.

THE 1ST AND 2D VOLUMES
OF THE
KENTUCKY FARMER.
Sewed and bound with Muslin Backs and Stiff Paper Covers, can be had at this office at \$1 per volume. A. G. HODGES & CO. Aug. 10, 1860.

ROOMS FOR RENT.
Having determined not to sell the Mansion House property for the present, I desire to rent the Rooms in the first story of the building. They will be rented on very reasonable terms by the month. Application can be made to JAMES R. PAGE, at the store of T. S. PAGE & Co., St. Clair st., or to T. S. PAGE. May 21, 1860. A. G. HODGES.

H. WHITTINGHAM,
NEWSPAPER & PERIODICAL AGENT,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
Continues to furnish American and Foreign Weeklies, Monthlys, and Quarterlies, on the best terms. A large stock of new books, from twenty-four Publishers. Back number supplied to complete sets. Nov. 24, 1858.

Kentucky Central Railroad!
The only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS
Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 p. m. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns. And with the 7:35 p. m. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight, whereas by any other route two changes are made, both at night!

Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, or Winchester, in the morning, and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS
Leave Nicholasville daily (Sundays excepted), at 8:00 a. m., and 1:10 p. m., and Lexington at 6:00 a. m., and 1:30 p. m., and arrive at Covington at 11:00 a. m., and 6:27 p. m.

Through Tickets can be had at the Kentucky Stage Offices in Danville, Bryansville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad at Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Cynthiana. Jan 26 1860-tf. C. A. WITHERS, Sup't.

FOR RENT.
Two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall. ORLANDO BROWN. Dec. 14, 1859-tf.

FASHIONABLE SILK HATS FOR THE UNION.

A NEW and elegant style of winter Hats may be had of KEENON & CRUTCHER, Main street. Jan 25 1m.

A LARGE stock of gentlemen's Soft Hats—various colors—at very low prices. KEENON & CRUTCHER, Main St., one door from Conery's Big Eagle. Jan 25 1m.

DISSOLUTION.

BY mutual consent, the firm of W. H. Keene & Co. was dissolved, January 1861. E. Hensley is charged with the settlement of the business, but either party may sign the name of the firm in liquidation. W. H. KEENE, EDWARD HENSLEY.

W. H. KEENE will continue the business at the stand of the late firm of W. H. Keene & Co., and will be pleased to see all his old friends and punctual customers, and as many new ones as may be pleased to favor him with their business. January 24th.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

THE undersigned having leased the FRANKLIN HOUSE, in South Frankfort, would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to entertain, in the best manner, all who may choose to favor him with a call, and upon reasonable terms. Jan 18 1w. J. V. B. VANARSDALE.

Proclamation by the Governor.

To the Sheriff of Warren county: WHEREAS, P. HISE, Esq., Representative in the General Assembly of this Commonwealth from the county of Warren, has resigned his said office of Representative from said county. Now therefore, I, BEILAH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby direct that an election be held in said county at the several places of voting therein authorized by law on Saturday, the 26th day of January, 1861, for the election of a Representative of said county, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of said P. HISE; and that you cause polls to be opened in said precincts accordingly, and that you proceed to conduct and make due returns of said election in the mode and manner prescribed. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have set my name, and affixed the seal of the Commonwealth, Donec at Frankfort, this 16th day of January, 1861, and in the 69th year of the Commonwealth. By the Governor, B. MAGOFFIN. Thos. B. MOORE, Jr., Secretary of State. Jan 18 w4w6m.

NEW RESTAURANT.

CHARLES M. HAWKINS, Corner St. Clair Street and Broadway, FRANKFORT, KY. (FORMERLY ELLIS' RESTAURANT.)

HAVING purchased this establishment, I am prepared to keep a first class RESTAURANT in all its departments. My Larder will be regularly and constantly supplied with OYSTERS. Game of every description in season. Fish, &c., with all the seasonable delicacies, the most epicurean taste can demand, served up in a style not to be surpassed in any eating house in this country. My BAK will contain the best and parent Wines and Liquors, &c., and my aim will be to keep this House in such style as to merit the patronage of all lovers of good eating and drinking. Jan 18 1w. CHAS. M. HAWKINS.

STAR OF THE PRESS.

1861.
"Great in Mouths of Wisest Censure."

THE NEW YORK MERCURY FOR THE NEW YEAR.

The Largest Literary Weekly in the World!

ALTHOUGH the patriarch of the weekly press (being now in its 23d year), the New York Mercury teams with the fire and vigor of youth, as well as with the wisdom and dignity of mature years. Presenting, as it does, the cream of the cream of literature—enriched with the entrancing masterpieces of the greatest humorists in the world—glittering with the brilliant wit and humor of the sharpest pens of the time—abundantly garnished with the rarest gems of native poetry—overflowing with "thoughts that breathe and words that burn" from the great writers of its immense editorial staff, and honored all over the world for its perfect freedom from anything calculated to wound or repulse the most sensitive moralist or class of people—it has been for years the LUXURY, THE TREASURE, THE MONITOR, AND THE WELCOME GUEST OF HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF AMERICAN HOUSES.

The publishers and proprietors of the New York Mercury, have made the motto of its columns: "Here shall young Genius wing his eagle flight, Rich deep-drops shaking from his plumage of light," and during the present year (1861) its grand, inevitable array of writers—whose united talents exceed the total of those paid to the President and Vice-President of the United States—and its brilliant constellation of literary specialties will be materially extended. Thus, one of the proprietors' new engagements is that of the witty, witty, quizzical, whimsical, world-renowned, and pungent

Q. K. PHILANDER DOESTICKS, P. B., who contributes to the Mercury a side-splitting series of Baroque Biographies, Lectures, Sermons, Fashion Articles, Criticisms of Paintings, Plays, Statues, &c., under the general and significant title of "Divisions of Doesticks; or, Harlequin Hits at the Times."

In the Editorial Department appear the magnificent illustrations of that prince of American artists, Felix O. C. Darley.

Throughout the present year, this magnificent and famous Journal of American Literature will contain glorious Romances, Sketches, Stories, Poems, Gems of Humor, Moral and Domestic Essays, Criticisms, &c., by the most noted American and English writers, who have been engaged at vast expense to write for the Mercury. We may name the following regular contributors: Q. K. PHILANDER DOESTICKS, P. B., ARTHUR M. GRAINGER, JOSEPH BARBER, FELIX O. C. DARLEY, GRACE GARDNER, GEO. ARNOLD, REV. R. M. DEVENS, NED BUNT-LINE, WM. ROSS WALLACE, COUSIN MAX, CALLETON, DR. J. H. ROBINSON, S. R. UR-BAN, MRS. M. E. ROBINSON, J. A. PATTEN, REV. R. B. WELCH, W. O. EATON, GEORGE MARTIAL, HATTIE TYNG, R. H. NEWELL.

Other celebrated writers will also contribute—making the Mercury a great focus of all that is Entertaining, Instructive, Witty, and Wise.

Our special New Year's Gift to our readers is a brilliant new novelette, entitled CATHOLINA; Or, the Niche in the Wall.

A TALE OF LOUISIANA.
BY DR. J. H. ROBINSON.

The opening chapters of which appear in the Mercury for January 5th, 1861.

The New York Mercury is sold by all newsmen and periodical dealers in America. To subscribers it is regularly mailed every Saturday morning, for \$2 a year; three copies for \$5; six copies for \$9; eight copies for \$12, with an extra copy free to the possessor of the club. Six months' subscriptions, *Always write, please, the name of your post-office, county, and State.* We take the notes of all specie paying banks at par. Payment must invariably be made in advance. Specimen copies sent free to all applicants. Address all letters and remittances, post-paid, to CALDWELL, SOUTHWORTH & WHITNEY, Proprietors of the New York Mercury, 48 & 48 Ann Street, New York City.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New York Benevolent Infirmary.

ESTABLISHED 1856, and devoted to the cause of Medical Reform; to the diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the prevention of disease, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Violent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land to avoid the Poisonous Drugs, Extortion, and Ignorance of Professed Physicians, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish. The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Disease, Cancers, and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or of whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates. These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearance of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any fees sent us when sending for advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or expressed if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves.

Also published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects, THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN, Containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of Diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the causes, symptoms, diet, bathing, and exercise. Price 50 cents.

THE LADIES' MEDICAL FRIEND, and the Physiology of Marriage. A work on the causes, symptoms, and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, abortion and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with invaluable instructions to them on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

THE GENTLEMAN'S MEDICAL COMPANION, and Private Adviser. A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention, and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

THE GUIDE AND GUARD. READ IT! READ IT! READ IT!

ONLY 25 CENTS.

THE DRUGGIST'S MANUAL. It contains about 1000 Prescriptions, Receipts, and formulas for Powders, Washes, Oils, Powders, Plasters, Pills. Price only 25 cents.

THE CONSUMPTIVE'S BOOK. For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of their merits, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The information in them is not to be found in any work published, nor obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps or money, or the whole in a bound volume for only ONE DOLLAR!

No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make \$150 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from Secret Habits; prostration of mind; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; love of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c., send before it is too late, before you suffer incurable damage to both body and mind.

To Females who want safe, pleasant, and sure remedies for Irregularities, Obstructions, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE.

We are convinced that there are many persons of scrofulous, consumptive, and diseased condition, to whom a numerous offspring only brings suffering and poverty. To such we would say write, and we will send you information of a sure, well-tested, and never failing Preventive.

OUR PREPARED MEDICINES. We enumerate a few of our best remedies which are prepared by us, from the purest and finest drugs to be found. We have put them in Boxes, in powder and pill form, so that any and all in the list can be sent by mail. Where it is convenient to have them sent by express, we can send them in a fluid state, if desired.

Single Bottles or Boxes will be

Guard against Fall and Winter Fires!

CHOICE INSURANCE

WITH THE



Incorporated 1819—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000,
ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

NET SURPLUS OF - \$942,800 72,
And the prestige of 40 years success and experience.

UPWARDS OF \$12,000,000

Of Losses have been paid by the Hartford Fire Insurance Company in the past 40 years.

The value of reliable Insurance will be apparent from the following

LOSSES PAID BY THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

In Ohio.....	\$481,320 83	Michigan.....	\$148,943 81
In Wisn.....	106,955 07	Illinois.....	146,839 81
In Kent'y.....	204,939 40	Indiana.....	448,327 41
In Mo.....	384,518 04	Tennessee.....	97,549 21
Iowa & Min.....	101,399 46	Kans.& Neb.....	19,945 77
Penn.& Va.....	31,595 82	Ark.& Ga.....	23,945 09
Mississippi and Alabama.....	\$52,412 18		

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Special attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS and Contents, for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The solid service long and successfully tried, and the many advantages of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company possess in its line, should not be overlooked by those ready to insure and understanding their best interests.

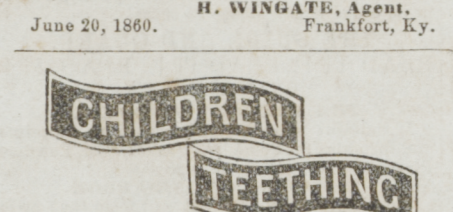
During "stringent times" the necessity for reliable insurance becomes an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the authorized agents of the company.

Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

June 20, 1860.

H. WINGATE, Agent, Frankfort, Ky.



MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and Benefit and Health to your Infants.

We have just put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth, of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of the highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know" after ten years experience and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER-FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Griping in the bowels and Wind Colic, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST AND SUREST REMEDY in the world in ALL cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHGA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudicial advice of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be SURE, YES, ABSOLUTELY SURE, to follow this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the face simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, No. 13, Cedar Street, New York.

Price Only 25 Cents Per Bottle.

June 2, 1860—w&wly.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special endowment, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Violent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in cases of extreme poverty, medicine furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors, EZRA D. HEATWELL, Pres't.

GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y. [June 28 1860-ly.]

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, VINES, SHRUBS, &c.,

CULTIVATED AND FOR SALE BY

Ed. D. Hobbs and J. W. Walker,

AT THE EVERGREEN NURSERIES,

Twelve miles East of Louisville, Ky., immediately on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad.

A NEATLY printed Catalogue of the Fruits, Ornamental Trees, Vines, Shrubs, &c., at the above named Nursery, may be had by application to A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Ky.

Orders may be addressed to HOBBS & WALKER, Williamson Postoffice, Jefferson county, Ky., or to A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Ky., or to Frankfort, Oct. 17, 1864.

Samuel's New Establishment!

HENRY SAMUEL, BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, is happy to inform his friends and the public that he is again established in comfortable and commodious rooms, and ready to attend to all who may give him a call. His new establishment is in the building of Col. Hodges, on St. Clair street. He solicits public patronage, and hopes that his old friends and customers especially, who patronized him before the late fire, will now find their way back to his shop.

March 12, 1855-by.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JANUARY 1, 1860.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in Bank.....

Cash in hands of Agents.....

Cash in course of transmission.....

Cash loaned on call.....

Bills receivable for loans, amply secured.....

Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value).....

2409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, market value.....

2209 Shares Bank Stock in New York, market value.....

960 Shares Bank Stock in Boston, market value.....

400 Shares Bank Stock in St. Louis, market value.....

240 Shares Bank Stock in Railroad and other Stock, market value.....

Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., market value.....

State Stocks, (Tennessee, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri), 6 per cent., market value.....

20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin, market value.....

Total assets.....

Total liabilities.....

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Warehouses, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this Company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of Policy holders will admit.

J. M. MILLS, Agent, Frankfort, Ky.

FRANKFORT AGENCY

OF THE

New York Life Insurance Company.

A meeting of the Local Directors of the New York Life Insurance Company, held in the city of Frankfort, Ky., December 4th, 1858, the following was unanimously adopted:

"The undersigned, President and Directors of the Company, have examined the report and exhibit of the New York Life Insurance Company for the half year ending July 1st, 1858, and being satisfied with its prosperous condition, cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the community.

The New York Life Insurance Company has been in existence fourteen years, its capital has attained the sum of

\$1,500,000.

Invested in State stocks, bonds and mortgages on real estate.

We think it a most safe and profitable mode of investing money. The profits accrue to the benefit of the insured, and have averaged not less than 30 per cent. per annum on the premium paid.

Besides these investments in stock, &c., the law of New York requires as additional security, that \$100,000 shall be deposited with the State Comptroller, to meet any lawful demands which the Company may fail to pay.

We invite attention to the nature, objects, and advantages of Life Insurance, as set forth by this Institution.

It will be seen by the above statement that this Company is in a flourishing condition. Those desirous of information in regard to the subject of Life Insurance, would do well to call on the Local Agent of the above Company, who will give them any information that may be desired, or for reference apply to either member of the Local Board, all of whom are insured in this office.

C. S. MOREHEAD, President.

EM. H. TAYLOR, Vice Pres't.

CHAS. C. PETHIAN, Directors.

R. W. SCOTT,

H. I. TODD,

CLAIMS PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

John Lane.....

Thomas E. Thompson.....

Joseph H. Davies.....

William G. Craig.....

John C. Herndon.....

John T. Pendleton.....

\$26,500

MEDICAL EXAMINER—W. C. SNEED, M.D.

July 1, 1860-tf. Frankfort Branch Bank.

Home Insurance Company, OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE, No. 4, WALL STREET, CASH CAPITAL, \$500,000 00

AMT OF ASSETS 1st Jan. 1858, \$34,213 34

AMT OF LIABILITIES, 41,110 01

The Company continues to insure Buildings, Merchandise, Ships in port and their cargoes, Household Furniture and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire, on favorable terms.

Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

Abstract of the SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT of the affairs and condition of the HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, of the City of New York, on the 31st day of December, 1857.

ASSETS.

Cash, Balance in Bank.....

Bonds and Mortgages (being first liens on Real Estate, worth at least \$891,000).....

Loans on stocks payable on demand, (market value of securities, \$253,667).....

Bank Stocks (market value).....

Real Estate, No. 4 Wall Street (the office of the company).....

Interest due on 1st January, 1858, (of which \$12,625 93 has since been received).....

Balance in hands of Agents and in course of transmission from Agents, on 31st Decr. (of which \$7,867 57 has since been received).....

Premiums due and uncollected on Policies issued at Office.....

Total.....

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding losses on 31st December, 1857, estimated at.....

Due Stockholders on account of Seventh dividend.....

Total.....

New York, 22d January, 1858.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, Pres't.

A. F. WILMARTH, Vice Pres't.

J. MILTON SMITH, Sec'y.

H. WINGATE, Agent, Frankfort, Ky.

THE Hartford Fire Insurance Company, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital, - - - \$500,000.

1. ITS CAPITAL IS AMPLE.

2. ITS RATES ARE REASONABLE.

3. IT PAYS ITS LOSSES PROMPTLY.

H. HUNTINGTON, President.

T. C. ALBY, Secretary.

J. M. MILLS, Agent at Frankfort.

Vacant Lots for Sale.

I HAVE several beautiful vacant Building Lots for sale. Call on me at my residence in South Frankfort.

July 28-w&wly.

CRANBERRIES

ONE barrel fresh Cranberries just received and for sale by [oct26] GRAY & TODD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE AMALGAMATION OF LANGUAGES.—There is a growing tendency in this age to appropriate the most expressive words of other languages, and after a while to incorporate them into our own; thus the word Cephalic, which is from the Greek, signifying "for the head," is now becoming popularized in connection with Mr. Spalding's great Headache remedy, but it will soon be used in a more general way, and the word Cephalic will become as common as Electrotype and many others, whose distinction as foreign words has been worn away by common usage, until they seem "native and to the manner born."

'ardly Realized.

Hi 'ad 'n 'orrible 'eache this afternoon, hand I stepped into the hothouses hand says hi to the man. "Can you hease me of an 'eache?" "Does it hache 'ad," says 'e. "Exceedingly," says hi, hand upon that 'e gave me a Cephalic Pill, hand 'pon me 'onor it cured me so quick that I 'ardly realized I 'ad 'ad an 'eache."

Headache is the favorite sign by which nature makes known any deviation whatever from natural state of the brain, and viewed in this light it may be looked on as a safeguard, intended to give notice of disease which might otherwise escape attention till too late to be remedied; and its indications should never be neglected. Headaches may be classified under two names, viz: Symptomatic and Idiopathic. Symptomatic Headache is exceedingly common, and is the precursor of a great variety of diseases, among which are Apoplexy, Gout, Rheumatism, and all febrile diseases. In its nervous form it is sympathetic of disease of the stomach constituting sick headache, of hepatic disease constituting bilious headache, of worms, constipation and other disorders of the bowels, as well as renal and uterine affections. Diseases of the heart, such as frequently attended with Headache, Anemia and Plethora are also affections which frequently occasion headache. Idiopathic Headache is also very common, being usually distinguished by the name of nervous headache, sometimes coming on suddenly in a state of apparently sound health and prostrating at once the mental and physical energies, and in other instances it comes on slowly, heralded by depression of spirits or acerbity of temper. In most instances the pain is in the front of the head, over one or both eyes, and sometimes provoking vomiting; under this class may also be named Neuralgia.

For the treatment of either class of Headache the Cephalic Pills have been found a sure and safe remedy, relieving the most acute pains in a few minutes, and by its subtle power eradicating the diseases of which headache is the unerring index.

BARBER.—Missus wants you to send her a box of Cephalic Gine, no, a bottle of Prepared Pills, —but I'm thinking that's not just it neither; but perhaps ye'll be after knowing what it is. Ye see she's high dead and gone with the Sick Headache, and wants some more of that same that relieved her before. —You must mean Spalding's Cephalic Pills.

Bridget.—Och! sure now and ye've set it; here's the quarter, and give me the Pills, and don't be all day about it, either.

Constipation or Costiveness.

No one of the "many ills flesh is heir to" is so prevalent, so little understood, and so much neglected as Costiveness. Often originating in carelessness, or sedentary habits; it is regarded as a slight disorder of too little consequence to excite anxiety, while in reality it is the precursor and companion of many of the most fatal and dangerous diseases, and unless early eradicated it will bring the sufferer to an untimely grave. Among the lighter evils of which costiveness is the usual attendant are Headache, Colic, Rheumatism, Piles, Breach, Piles and others of like nature, while a long train of frightful diseases such as Malignant Fever, Abscess, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Apoplexy, Epilepsy, Paralysis, Hysteria, Hypochondriasis, Melancholy and Insanity, first indicate their presence in the system by this alarming symptom. Not unfrequently the disease named originates in Constipation, but too often it is an independent existence unless the cause is eradicated in an early stage. From all these considerations it follows that the disorder should receive immediate attention whenever it occurs, and no person should neglect to get a box of Cephalic Pills on the first appearance of the complaint, as they not only will expel the invidious approaches of disease and destroy this dangerous foe to human life.

A Real Blessing.

Physician.—Well, Mrs. Jones, how is that headache?

Mrs. Jones.—Gone! Doctor, all gone! the pill you sent cured me in just twenty minutes, and I wish you would send more so that I can have them handy.

Physician.—You can get them at any Druggists. Call Cephalic Pills, I find they never fail, and I recommend them in all cases of Headache.

Mrs. Jones.—I shall send for a box directly, and shall tell all my suffering friends, for they are a real blessing.

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache

CURE Nervous Headache

CURE All kinds of Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels—removing Costiveness.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPALDING, C.

48 Cedar Street, New York.

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, BRUISES AND RUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, STYLLIS AND STYLLITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many ranking disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alternative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this purgative of life, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something goes wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but offer no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetters, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Diaper Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They